THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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PRINTED BY
JOHN SCULL,
Corner of Market and Front Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

Pittsburgh Gazette is published every day Morning, at Three Dollars per an- payable half yearly in advance.
subscriber does not order a discontinu- of his paper at the end of the year, it will dered as a new engagement.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

3 insertions, one dollar per square.
subsequent insertion, 25 cents per do.
the year, 10 dollarsper do.
RTISING customers are requested to the number of insertions on their Advertise-

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS, Printing in general, executed with neatness despatch.

SHIRAS & DOBBIN,

FOR SALE, at their WARE-HOUSE, at the Point,
niata Bar and Roll'd IRON
WLEY & BLISTERED STEEL
S, AXES, CHAINS, &c.
d Wrought NAILS,
Orleans and Country SUGAR,
ASSES, COTTON, FEATHERS,
NDOW GLASS, and an assorment of
EEN GLASS HOLLOW WARE.
Pittsburgh, July 15, 1815. tfq

J. & J. BROWN.
Wholesale and Retail STORE.

ST received at the above Store, North end of MARKET STREET, an elegant assortment RCHANDIZE. Among a great variety, the following articles, viz :

ODS'S best London extra superfine Black, ue and Bottle Green CLOTHS,
e Black, Blue, Mix't and Brown Do.
imers, cassinets and elastic cords,
ant blue and black Stockinetts, plain and bb'd
ets and velvet Cords
er white Marseilles Vestings
o. Buff, spotted and striped Do.
gant toilenett, fancy and dark Vestings
er undressed Chintzes
elegant assortment of dress'd Do.
t and 2d quality furniture Chintzes
priced Calicoes of all kinds
ew pieces superfine and common Do.
7-8, 4-4 and 5-4 Irish Linnens
es and gentlemen superfine and common ate cotton Hose
tlemen's white and mixt half Hose
d 6-4 superfine and common dress'd and dress'd Cambric Muslins.
d 5-4 India Muslins
konett, mull and book Muslins plain and figured
n and figured Lenoes
demett, lappet, corded and tape strip'd Muslins
ntys, long cloths and British shirtings
4-4 and 3-4 cotton and linnen Checks
llas and brown Holland
l and mock Madrass handkerchiefs
reat variety of fancy neck Do.
7-4, 6-4, 5-4 and 4-4 silk and cotton Cash-ere Shawls
Do. Chintz Do.
e fine and common white and stamp'd pock- handkerchiefs
s and Gentlemens' Silk, York tann'd ar Kid Gloves
ies extra long Do.
ck and white plain and figured gauzes
English cotton balls, tape, bob[illegible]
otch Thread
elegant assortment of 7-4 and 8-4 [illegible] antu lk shawls
ask silk shawls, fancy and black [illegible] hand-kerchiefs
Tortoise shell, mock and horn [illegible]ck and ide combs
4 and 11-4 super white counterpains
ngs, laces, thread and cotton shirt buttons
gant plain and fringed Parasols
e Nankeens
s, needles, fringes, trimmings, &c.
gant black, brown and bottle green bomba zetts
and Mahogany fram'd looking glasses large nd small
ntlemens leather shoes and pumps
es first quality leather and morocco Do.
es and childrens Do.

QUEENSWARE.

s, dishes, wash basons, cups & saucers, &c.
ew crates expected in a few days elegantly orted, of Liverpool China
green Coffee, young hyson Tea and other oceries, &c.
DWARE, &c. &c.

J. & J. BROWN have made arrangements in New York and Philadelphia, in addition ne of them being generally, if not altogether e, they contemplate keeping a large and stant supply of GOODS, which being pur-sed with great care and for cash, will be sold HOLESALE OR RETAIL, as low as any in the stern country, for Cash or Country Produce.

Pittsburgh, August 19, 1815 tfq

SPEAKMAN & SAY,
OF PHILADELPHIA,
DRUGGISTS,

HAVING established a Drug and Chemical Warehouse in Pittsburgh, and taken SA- PETTIGREW into partnership in that con- The business there will be conducted der the firm of

Speakman, Say & Co.

Market Street, third door from Front Street, here, by receiving in bulk, as well as manu-facturing such articles as the place will admit they hope to be able to sell at the lowest Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carri-ge expences, only.

☞ They now offer for Sale, an assortment of OOS PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c. for Cash, Produce, or at the usual credit.

May 30, 1813.

FOR SALE,

THE unexpired Lease of a HOUSE in Wood near Front Street. The Stand is an ex-cellent one for a Store. Enquire of

AVERY & STEVENSON.

Pittsburgh, January 12, 1816. 3t.

HARDWARE STORE.

Thomas Hazelton & Henry Bailey,

HAVING entered into Partnership, in the above line of business, have opened a GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF HARDWARE, at their Store n Market Street, between Front and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, which they will sell WHOLESALE OR RETAIL on moderate terms. The subscribers flatter themselves that from their attention to business, they will receive a share of public patronage.

ALSO—The Manufacturies of Messrs. HAZELTON's, of SCALE BEAMS, PATENT BALANCES, &c. may be had at their Store.

HAZELTON & BAILEY.

Sept 20, 1815. tfq*2PcNF1S

Ormsby & Doane,

HAVE FOR SALE,

300bbs. Salt, first and second quality.

ALSO

Barr Iron,
4d, 6d, 8d and 10d Rolled Iron,
Nails and Nail Rods,
A good assortment of Castings
Stoves,
Grates,
Mould Candles and Soap, by the Box,

Pittsburgh, December 14, 1815.

Just received by the Subscriber, at his Store in Market Street, between Second and Third Streets, a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, and Hardware,

which will be disposed of, wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms.

Also, for Sale, a few barrels *Tanners Oil*, and 20 boxes *Spanish Segars.*

ABISHAI WAY.

Pittsburgh, August 7, 1815.

TOBACCO MANUFACTORY

THE subscriber, (recently from Philadelphia) has established a TOBACCO MANUFACTORY in this town, on Front str't two doors from the Post Office ; where he offers for sale, Virginia twist and Kentucky

TOBACCO, SNUFF & SEGARS,

of as good quality, and on better terms than can be purchased in Philadelphia or Baltimore.

REES JONES.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 1. tfq

REMOVAL.
THE SUBSCRIBER,

HAS removed his SOAP AND CANDLE MANUFACTORY, from the place he formerly resided, to Second Street, between Ferry and Market Streets, opposite the Office of Discount and Deposit, where he solicits the attention of his friends.

NICHOLAS O'CALLAGHAN.

N. B. Twenty Five Cents per Bushel will be given for any quantity of clean OAK or HICKORY ASHES.

Nov. 15, 1815.

FOR SALE, BY

SHIRAS & DOBBIN, 4,500 Acres of Land, in the State of Ohio, viz :
1,500 Acres in Highland County,
1,500 do. in Washington do.
1,500 do. in Fayette do.

For the terms, and a description of the Land apply at the WAREHOUSE at the POINT.

Pittsburgh, July 8, 1815. tf.

Metal, Ivory & Wood Turning.

ARNOLD EICHBAUM,

AFTER returning his thanks to the citizens for their generous patronage, begs leave to inform them and the public, that he continues the above Business, at his Old Stand in Front Street, between Cherry Alley and Grant Street, where TURNING in IVORY, METAL and WOOD is executed with neatness and precision. He also carries on the GLASS CUTTING, and making ELECTRICAL MACHINES, CRUET and CASTER FRAMES, &c. &c.

Having engaged good workmen, he is able to execute all orders with elegance and despatch. Favours solicited and thankfully received.

Pittsburgh, January 4, 1816.

N. B. Wanted, Two Journeymen, one acquainted with the Turning of Metal, to whom good wages will be given—also, as Apprentices, Two Boys, from 14 to 16 years of age.

Two Frame Buildings for Sale.

WILL be Sold on the 8th day of February next, in Second between Market and Wood Street, *TWO FRAME BUILDINGS,* one about 16 feet and an half by 26 feet, two stories high, the other 19 feet and an half by 22 feet, one story and an half high. A further description would be unnecessary, as it is presumed the purchaser will examine before Sale. The Houses must be removed from off the premises on or before the first of April, at the risk of the purchaser, as possession of the ground must be delivered up at that time.—Terms made known on the day of Sale. Part of the estate of J. Davison, deceased.

ELIZABETH DAVISON, *Executrix.*
THOMAS WATT, *Executor.*

Pittsburgh, January 11, 1816.

N. B. Those who have demands against the estate of said J. Davidson, will please present them properly attested to Thomas Watt, and those indebted will please make immediate payment, otherwise they shall be compelled as the law directs.

FOR SALE.

The Subscriber offers for Sale the following PROPERTY, viz:—

A Lease of Ground,

SITUATE on Wood Street, between Front and Water Streets, 80 feet front by 60 feet deep, on which is erected *FIVE STORE ROOMS*, subject to a yearly rent of 700 dolls. Four of said Store Rooms are now rented at 250 dollars per annum, each ; to the fifth, now occupied by the subscriber, situate on the corner, there is a Dwelling House attached.—The terms will be made easy. The property will be sold either separate or together, as may best suit purchasers Apply to the subscriber on the premises.

SAMUEL SMITH.

Pittsburgh, January 4, 1816. tf

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership of *Avery & Van Zandt*, is this day dissolved, by mutual consent, all persons having claims against said firm, will present them to *Charles Avery*, for adjustment, and all persons indebted are desired to make payment to *Avery & Stevenson.*

WM D. VAN ZANDT,
CHARLES AVERY.

Pittsburgh, January 6, 1816.

Chs. Avery & J. S. Stevenson,

SUCCESSORS of *Avery & Van Zandt*, have entered into partnership, in the DRUG and PAINT BUSINESS, under the firm of AVERY and STEVENSON ; and have removed to the commodious house corner of Wood and Second Streets, near their former stand, where they will keep an extensive supply of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
DYE WOODS & SHOP FURNITURE,
Surgeons Instruments,
Paints and Oils, Window Glass,
Patent Medicines,
AND
White Lead.

Of this article, a regular supply of Stevenson's manufacture, will always be kept and sold at the manufacturer's prices.

AVERY & STEVENSON, pledge themselves to furnish all articles ordered of them, of prime quality, and at Philadelphia prices, with the necessary expences.

Pittsburgh, January 6, 1816.

R. Patterson's
Wholesale and Retail BOOK AND STATIONARY STORE,
AND PAPER WAREHOUSE,

Fourth, near Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

Dec. 8, 1815.

Wanted Immediately, TWO FULLERS,

AT the Pittsburgh Steam Fulling Mill. Persons of sober industrious habits and well acquainted with all the different branches, will find constant employment for one year at least, and liberal wages.

The subscriber returns his thanks for the liberal encouragement he has received since his commencement in business. He carries on the FULLING BUSINESS as usual, in all its various branches ; and will promptly execute any orders that may be given him, in the best manner.

FOR SALE, AS ABOVE,

A large quantity of DOMESTIC BROAD-CLOTH, CASSINETT, SATTINETTS, &c. which will be sold at low prices, for good endorsed notes at sixty, ninety, and one hundred and twenty days.

JAMES ARTHURS.

December 30, 1815. 3t

FARMERS AND MECHANICS BANK OF PITTSBURGH,

DECEMBER 29, 1815.

THE Fifth Instalment on the Stock of this Bank, amounting to Two and an Half Dollars on each share, is requested to be paid at the Banking House, on or before the first day of February next.

By order of the Board of Directors,
G. LUCKEY, *Cashier.*

M'CLEAN & DOANE,

BEG leave to acquaint their friends and the public, that they have *just received* an excellent assortment of HARDWARE, IRONMONGERY, WINES, LIQUORS AND GROCERIES, principally consisting of the following articles :—

Knives and Forks	Chamber Candlestic[illegible] silver pattern
Pen and Pocket Knives	Chaffing Dishes
Butcher Knives	Rat Traps
Shoe Knives	Wheel Irons
Spoons	Claret in boxes } Wine
Knob, Chest, Cupboard and Till Locks	Port } Wine
Padlocks	Madeira } Wine
Stock Locks	L. P. Teneriffe } Wine
Thumb Latches	Lisbon } Wine
Files and Rasps	Jamaica Spirits } 4th proof
Knitting Pins, steel,	Brandy } 4th proof
Butt Hinges	Holland Gin
Screws	Cherry Bounce
Pistol and Gun Locks	Old Whiskey
Pincers	Vinegar
Compasses	Young Hyson Tea
Iron Squares	New-Orleans Sugar
Cork Screws	Coffee 1st and 2d qual.
Kent and Carpenters Hammers	Chocolate
	Pepper
Crowley Steel (English)	Roll Brimstone
Vices	Cheese
Anvils (Mouse hole)	Powder
Anchors	Shot
Axes	Tobacco
Hatchets	Segars
Augers	White Lead
Trace and Log Chains	Window Glass
Halter Chains	Spanish Inbigo
Small Bench Vices	Juniata Iron
Scythes	Castings
Sickles	Iron Wire

12 Boxes Muscatel Raisins, at $7 50
Buffaloe and Bear Skins

ALSO,

20 bales prime Louisa. Cotton.

Intending to close their business by the 1st of April, their present stock will be disposed of on very reasonable terms, for approved payments ; they will make it an object to any person wishing to rpuchase the whole.

TO LET,
Two Store Rooms,

SITUATED in Wood, between Front and Water Streets. For terms apply to the subscriber, living on the premises.

SAMUEL SMITH.

Pittsburgh, December 23, 1815.

☞ All those indebted to the subscriber for a longer term than three months, who do not come forward and settle their accounts on or before the first day of February next, may expect them placed in the hands of a Justice of the Peace for collection.

S. S.

TO RENT.

And possession given on the first of April next,

A TWO Story Brick HOUSE, to which is attached a two story back building and kitchen, situated in Diamond alley, three doors from the Market. It has formerly been occupied as a Store, and is an elegant situation for either Store or Boarding House. For terms, apply to RACHEL H. WATSON.

Pittsburgh, January 20, 1816.—tfp1

APPROVED FAMILY MEDICINES.

Doctor Robertson's celebrated

Stomachic Elixir of Health ;

(Price $1 50 Cents.)

WHICH has proved by thousands, who have experienced its beneficial effects, to be the most valuable medicine ever offered to the public, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, the Whooping Cough, Asthma, pain in the Breast, Cramps, and wind in the Stomach, removing Costiveness, sickness at the Stomach, Headache, loss of Appetite, Indigestion, &c. &c.

Doctor Robertson's

Vegetable Nervous Cordial,

Or, NATURE'S GRAND RESTORATIVE

(Price $1 50 Cents.)

Is confidently recommended as the most efficacious medicine for the speedy relief and cure of all nervous complaints, attended with inward weakness, depression of the spirits, headache, tremor, faintness, hysteric fits, debility, &c.

Doctor Robertson's celebrated

Gout and Rheumatic Drops ;

(Price $2.)

A safe and effectual cure for the gout, rheumatism, lumbago, stone and gravel, swellings and weakness of the joints, sprains, bruises, and all kinds of green wounds—the cramp, pains in the head, face and body, stiffness of the neck, chilblains, frozen limbs, &c.

Doctor Robertson's

STOMACHIC BITTERS.

(Price one Dollar.)

These celebrated and well known bitters are particularly recommended for restoring weak constitutions, cleaning and strengthening the stomach, and increasing the appetite. They are also a certain preventative against those complaints so common in the spring and fall seasons, such as intermittent fevers and agues, long autumnal fevers, dysenteries, &c.

Doctor Robertson's

Worm Destroying Lozenges,

(Price 50 Cents.)

For efficacy, these celebrated Lozenges are unequalled ; they are mild in their operation, and effectual in removing every description of worms which infest the human body, and may be given to children with safety.

Dr Dyott's ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers.

(Price 25 Cents—large boxes 50 Cents.)

Dr. Dyott's

PATENT ITCH OINTMENT.

For pleasantness, safety, expedition, ease, and certainty, is infinitely superior to any other medicine, for the cure of that most disagreeable and tormenting disorder the ITCH.

Dr. Dyott's

INFLALIBLE TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

(Price 50 Cents.)

CIRCASSIAN EYE WATER

Celebrated for curing most disorders of the eyes.

(Price 50 Cents.)

Dr. Tissott's celebrated

GOUT & RHEUMATIC DROPS

(Price 2 Dollars.)

THE BALM OF IBERIA,

Extracted from an Iberian plant, for curing defects of the skin, and improving the complexion, &c.

(Price 2 Dollars.)

THE RESTORATIVE DENTRIFICE,

For cleansing whitening and preserving the Teeth and Gums.

(Price 50 Cents per Box.)

MAIHY'S PLAISTER CLOTH,

Recommended for the cure of Ulcers, White Swelling, sore breasts, boils, sore legs and all wounds tending to suppuration, &c.

Paul's Patent Columbian Oil,

(Price 1 Dollar.)

A Fresh supply of the above Medicines, just received and for Sale, by

OBRIEN & DYOTT,
DRUGGISTS,
WEST SIDE OF THE DIAMOND,
Sole Agents for Pittsburgh.

July 29, 1815. 1yq†

O'BRIEN & DYOTT,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,

WEST SIDE OF THE DIAMOND,
PITTSBURGH,

Have received from their connections in New-York and Philadelphia, additional supplies of

Fresh Drugs,	*Oil,*
Chemicals,	*Dye Stuffs,*
Medicines,	*Camels hair Pencils*
Perfumery,	*Reeve's & Welles water colours,* &c,
Vials,	
Paints,	

with an extensive variety of other articles in their line, all of which are warranted to be of the most approved and genuine qualities.

Physians, Country Merchants, and others, who deal in Drugs and Medicines, or any of the above Articles, can be supplied at the lowest Philadelphia prices.

Families in Town and in the Country can be furnished with superior Medicines of every description, on the cheapest terms.

All orders thankfully received, and attended to with care and promptitude.

Pittsburgh, July 22, 1815. 1yeop.

NEW BOOKS.
JUST RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

LEBAUMES account of the Campaign in Russia, 1 vol. 8vo
Sarazen's account of the War in Spain and Portugal, 1 vol. 8vo.
Burn's Works, complete, 4 vol.
Life of Napoleon Bonaparte, by a Citizen of Delaware, 1 vol.
Charlemagne, or the Church Delivered, an Epic Poem, by Lucien Bonaparte, 2 vols.
Edgworth's Practical Education, 2 vols. 8vo.
Goldsmith's History of England, 2 vols. 8vo. new edition.
Bigland's do. 2 vols.
The History of Mr. John Decastro and his Brother Bat, 3 vols.
Irish Melodies, by Anacreon Moore, 1 vol.
Anster Fair, and other Poem's, 1 vol.
Heroine, or the Adventures of Cherubina, 2 vols.——"Her Adventures are written with great spirit and humour, and they afford many scenes, at which
"To be grave exceeds all power of face."
[*Monthly Review.*
The Missionary, a Poem, by W. L. Bowles, 1 vol
Geographical and Historical Account of St. Helena, 1 vol.
The American Naval Register.
Scott's Visit to Paris in 1814.
Wheaton on Captures.
Invisible Hand, a Tale.
Roderick, the last of the Goths, by Southey.
Discipline, second edition, bound, 2 vols.

Will be received in a few days,

Scott's "Field of Waterloo," 1 vol.
Spanish Guitar, 1 vol.
Clan Albin, 3 vols.
Trecothic Bower, or Lady of the West Country, a novel in 2 vols. by the author of the Children of the Abbey.
Father as he should be, by Mrs. Hoftland, 2 vols.
Patience and Perseverance, by the author of the Maid of Moscow.
The Ward of Delemare, a novel, 2 vols.
Varieties of Life, or Conduct and Consequences, a novel, 2 vols.
Josephine, or the Adventures of a Summer.
Life of General Moreau, by Phillipart.
The Paris Spectator, 2 vols.
The Paradise of Coquetts, a Poem.
Eustace's Classical Tour through Italy, 2 vols. 8vo. with plates.
Young's Works, 2 vols.
THE OLIVE BRANCH, OR FAULTS ON BOTH SIDES, Federal and Democratic.—A serious appeal to the necessity of mutual forgiveness and harmony—by M. CAREY.

Second edition enlarged, 8vo. handsomely bound, $2 75.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE OLIVE BRANCH.

Extract of a letter from James Madison, Esq. President of the United States.

Washington, January 28, 1815.

"I have not been able as yet to do more than glance at the plan of the work, and run over a few of its pages. The course adopted of assembling authentic and striking facts, and addressing them impartially and independently, but with becoming emphasis, to the attention of the public, was best fitted to render it a valuable and seasonable service : and it appears that the success of your labours will well reward the laudable views with which it was undertaken."

Extract of a letter from a Member of the Senate of Pennsylvania, a decided Federalist.

"Mr. —— takes this opportunity of expressing to Mr. Carey the satisfaction which he has derived from reading his manly appeal from the passions to the reason of contending parties." Dec. 2, 1814.

"The Olive Branch, or Faults on both sides, federal and Democratic, is no party publication : it contains a lucid examination of the faults of both parties, and calls loudly for union in defence of our country and the dearest interests of all.—We have never seen a publication in this country that so justly merited the patronage of all. Federalists and Republicans will both see their faults clearly pointed out and commented on. We admire the independent spirit of the publication. Although we do not subscribe to all the tenets, objects, and recommendations contained in the Olive Branch, yet we think such a publication particularly valuable, as it comprises a succinct view a well arranged mass of public and political documents on the subjects which led to the war, particularly that of impressment, the Orders in Council, correspondence of Mr. Erskine and Mr. Smith, previous to the war, and important correspondence between our public functionaries and those of the enemy since the war.—Every man should possess this book, and read it carefully through without prejudice. *Boston Patriot.*

FOR SALE AT
R. PATTERSON'S,
BOOKSTORE, FOURTH STREET.

Pittsburgh, January 19, 1816.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, living in Hagers Town, Washington County, Maryland, on the 2d of August last, a Black Man, named

BILL,

about 24 or 25 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, tolerably stout made, has a scar on the back part of his head which is not very visible, thick lips, small eyes, and has lost some of his front teeth, or they are wide apart. Had on when he went away, a linen shirt, a pair of trowsers made of Russia sheeting, a pair of white corded pantaloons, and a fur hat more than half worn. The above reward will be given if taken out of the state, and secured in any jail so that I get him again, or Twenty Five Dollars if taken in the state, and all reasonable charges paid if brought home.

THOMAS QUANTRILL.

January 9, 1816.

Forty Dollars Reward.

STOLEN on the 22d of November last, from JACOB HAVENER, of the county of Sussex, New-Jersey, a dark bay HORSE, 7 years old, 15 hands and an half high, a small white spot on both fore legs on the out side below the knees, some grey hairs on the thighs, had a sore on the near side of his back near the hip, and a small lump on the near side of the mouth, carries head and tail up, a natural trotter—this Horse is supposed to be in the vicinity of Washington F. B. HOLMES, of Pittsburgh, will give the above Reward for Horse and Thief, or Twenty Dollars for the Horse only.

January 18, 1816.

THE WAYS AND MEANS.

Report of the Committee of Ways and Means, in the House of Representatives of the United States, to whom was committed so much of the President's Message as relates to revenue.

[January 9, 1816.—Read and committed to a committee of the whole house.]

The Committee of Ways and Means, to whom have been committed that part of the President's message which relates to the revenue, and the annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury, excepting that part which relates to the establishment of a bank, ask leave to explain the general views which have induced them to submit to the House the propositions with which they shall conclude their report:

"The arrangement of the finances with a view to the receipts and expenditures of a permanent peace establishment," has been the first subject after providing for the deficiency in the appropriations of 1815, which has engaged the attention of the committee. Whilst they recognize, with unmixed satisfaction, "that improvement in the condition of the public revenue, which will allow an immediate alleviation of the burthens imposed by the necessities of the war," they well know that such an alleviation can only be expected and wished to an extent "which shall leave to the government the means of maintaining its faith inviolate, and of prosecuting successfully the measures of a liberal" and provident policy.

In forming an opinion upon the expenditures of a permanent peace establishment, they have supposed it right that their attention should be directed, not only to the resources of the United States but to the condition of other powers. In the perplexed system of European policy, the United States can have no dispostion to interpose; but their conduct must necessarily be affected by views connected with the military or financial resources of those states with which their relations are most interesting. It is impossible not to see that Europe is more military than ever, and that, accustomed by twenty years of war to exertions that were once thought impracticable, her governments have acquired a power which makes preparation more difficult and more necessary, on the part of every state exposed to the chance of their hostility. It must be doubtful what precise increase of expenditure these considerations of foreign policy or views of internal improvement may induce Congress eventually to authorise; but even the measures now before them appear to require a considerable addition to the estimates of the annual peace expenditure.

The only preparation againtt the danger of foreign aggression, which it falls within the duty of the Committee of Ways and Means to recommend, is that of a revenue: which, in supplying the wants of government, shall not burthen unnecessarily the industry of the citizen; which shall be capable of repairing, by an expansion of the powers of some of its parts, the injury which war may inflict in others; and above all, shall be disencumbered from debt as soon as the resources of the country and the conditions of its contracts will permit. Public debts have indeed sometimes been considered as giving stability and order to a state, but the committee can never believe that a government which secures every civil and political right to the great body of the people, can want that security which would be afforded by the distribution of any amount of annual interest upon its debt, which to be received by the few must be paid by the many. It may be true, that a public debt only makes a different distribution of the income of society, but it pays the stockholder what should be reserved for supporting the seaman and the soldier.—That government indeed does well, which, when forced into war, brings into the contest every resource which credit or revenue can furnish; but it neglects one of its first duties, when it allows the season of peace to pass away without an adequate provision for removing every incumbrance upon its effective revenue. The committee accordingly consider it as an indispensable requisite in any arrangement of revenue and expenditure in peace, that it shall provide for the rapid extinguishment of the public debt.

To attain this object, a considerable revenue will be required. In selecting the taxes which should compose it, the duties upon imported articles may be expected to furnish the principal supply. Cheap and easy in their collection, paid like all indirect taxes, when it is convenient to pay them, they will be found, under a system of prudent moderation, to discourage no branch of national industry. Duties, indeed, either upon importation or exportation, seem to be the natural resource of countries thinly peopled; which, exporting a large amount of their agricultural productions, receive in return the manufactures of older states —The distance too, of the states from which our importations are made, renders it more difficult to evade the payment of duties here than in countries which are separated from active and enterprising neighbours by a river or a conventional line. But as our agriculture obtains markets at home, as wealth spreads itself over inland countries, where commerce can but imperfectly follow, our imports as well as our exports, must bear a continually lessning proportion to the wealth of the country.

And even now, while the principal source of ordinary revenue in peace must be furnished by the customs, it is probable that they could not be continued or increased to an amount which the interest and reimbursement of our debt and the provisions for our security require, without increasing too far the temptation to illicit importation. The objections too, to an entire reliance upon them, have been too fully developed by recent experience to allow the committee to recommend that they should constitute the whole income of the country. The liberal provision which they are capable of making in peace, disappears in the moment when war requires larger contributions. The government which is left at such a time to explore new system of internal taxation, to discover and draw into the public service the men who are capable of filling the different departments of the revenue, is reduced to a condition in which the zeal and bravery and resources of the nation can produce their natural effects but imperfectly. The committee therefore concur fully with the Secretary of the Treasury in the opinion which he has expressed, "that the establishment of a revenue system, which shall not be exclusively dependent upon the supplies of foreign commerce, appears, at this juncture, to claim particular attention."

As a result of these general views, the committee, with deference to the house, recommend the adoption of the plan of revenue contained in the report of the Secretary of the Treasury, with the exception of that part of it which proposes to continue the additional duties upon postage, and to repeal the additional duties on licences to retailers of wines, spirituous liquors, and foreign merchandize imported by the act of December 1814. The communication of intelligence between the different parts of the country, it appears to the committee to be the just policy of our government to facilitate and encourage; and although it might have been right to exact a revenue from it, under circumstances which made it necessary to apply every resource to the defence of the state, the present situation of the treasury may well allow of its repeal. The duties on licences to retailers admit, in the opinion of the committee, of a modification, which, by proportioning the price of the licence in some degree to the business of the retailer, shall render them as productive as the new rates, and less oppressive than the new ones. But as such modification could only apply to the licences for 1817, the committee propose to make it the subject of a future report.

The permanent laws now in force may be expected, after the expiration of temporary duties, to produce a nett annual revenue of $ 24,278,840.

The direct tax, a amount of		5,600,000
The sale of public lands,		1,000,000
Licenses to distillers, gross amount,	1,200,000	
Carriages,	175,000	
Licenses to retailers,	900,000	
Auctions,	400,000	
	2,675,000	2,514,000 *n amt.*
Duties on furniture & watches	300,000	
On manufactures,	1,311,000	
Excise on distilled spirits,	2,500,000	
	4,111,000	3,864,340 *n amt.*
Postage,		300,000
Customs		12,000,000
		2,527,3840

Such is the estimate of the annual revenue which by law is declared to be pledged "to provide for the payment of the expences of government, for the punctual payment of the public debt, and for creating an adequate sinking fund." If the recommendation contained in the report of the Secretary, with the modifications proposed by the committee, shall be carried into effect, there will be deducted from this revenue of $ 25,278,840

The nett amount of duties on furniture and watches, on manufactures and distilled spirits,	3,864,340	
The postage duty,	300,000	
And from the nett product of the land tax	2,900,000	
		7,064,349

But there will be added to the revenue:

By the additional duty on stills,	1,200,000	
The duty on stamps	400,000	
On refined sugar,	150,000	
On salt,	500,000	
Gross amount,	2,250,000	
Nett amount,		2,115,000
By an addition to the customs equal to the product of an average addition of 42 per cent to the rates of permanent duty,	5,040,000	
		7,155,000
Making the excess of revenue added, above that deducted,		90,660
And the annual revenue,		25,369,500

In the report of the Secretary of the Treasury, which has been referred to the committee—

The amount of the annual civil, diplomatic and miscellaneous expences is estimated at	$ 1,800,000
The annual military expences, at	5,112,159
The annual naval expence at	2,716,510
The interest on the funded debt, at about	6,150,000
	$ 15,778,669

To this estimate of annual expenditure might be added the amount of about $ 1,850,000, appropriated to the payment of the principal of the public debt; which, with the $ 6,150,000 applicable to the payment of the interest, constitutes the sinking fund of $ 8,000,000—But perhaps an easier view of the subject may be afforded by stating separately the whole sum which it is proposed to apply to the payment of the principal of the public debt, exclusively of the interest.

If the annual revenue, under the law proposed, be $25,369,500, and the ordinary annual expense be $ 15,773,669, there will be a balance of $ 9,560,834, which may be applied, as Congress shall direct, to national defence, to internal improvement, and to the extinguishment of the public debt. The considerations which have been already adverted to as enjoining the policy of providing for the extinguishment of the public debt as soon as the resources of the country and the conditions of its contracts will permit, induce the committee to propose that to that object may be annually appropriated seven millions, after the year 1816; which added to the sum appropriated to the payment of interest, will form a sinking fund of $ 13,150,000, and extinguish the public debt in less than twelve years. This appropriation would still leave an excess of annual revenue above the estimates of ordinary expenditure furnished by the secretary of the treasury of upwards of two millions and a half, to be applied to any other branch of the public service.

The committee have confined their observations to the receipts and expenditures of a permanent peace establishment. The modification of the plan of the secretary of the treasuary which they have proposed, will produce too small an effect upon the receipts of 1816 to require a distinct exposition of them, and the deficiency in the receipts of 1816 (which is suggested in the treasury report,) cannot disturb the calculations which have been submitted of the receipts and expenditures of succeeding years, since the estimated deficiency is less than seven millions, and the outstanding revenue on the 1st of January 1817, will be about twenty millions. If however, the demands upon the treasury in 1817, in consequence of Congress assuming the payment of expences incurred during war which it has not yet sanctioned, or from any other cause, shall be increased beyond an amount for which the unappropriated revenue may provide, the sinking fund may be charged for the year 1817 with the payment of the treasury notes which may be issued under the laws now in force. In preventing an addition of new funded debt, it will perform its office as usefully as in extinguihing the old debt.

1. *Resolved* That it is expedient to continue in force, until the 30th day of June next and until an act shall be passed establishing a new tariff of duties, the act "entitled an act for imposing additional duties upon all goods, wares, and merchandize, imported from any foreign port or place, and for other purposes;" passed on the 1st July, 1812.

2 *Resolved*, That it is expedient to continue in force the act entitled "an act laying a duty on imported salt; granting a bounty on pickled fish exported, and allowances to certain vessels employed in the fisheries;" passed on the 29th July, 1813.

3. *Resolved*, That it is expedient to continue in force the act entitled "an act laying duties on sugar refined within the U. States;" passed on the 24th July, 1813.

4. *Resolved*, That it is expedient to continue in force the act entitled "an act laying duties on notes of banks, bankers, and certain companies; on notes, bonds, and obligations discounted by banks, bankers, and certain companies; and on bills of exchange of certain descriptions;" passed on the 2d of August, 1813—and also the act supplementary thereto, passed on the 10th day of December, 1814.

5. *Resolved*. That it is expedient to repeal, from the day of next, so much of the act entitled "an act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expences of government and maintaining the public credit, by duties on sales at auction, and on licences to retail wines, spirituous liquors, and foreign merchandize, and for increasing the rates of postage," passed on the 23d of December, 1814, as imposes additional duties on postage.

6. *Resolved*, That it is expedient so to amend the act entitled "an act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expences of government, and maintaining the public credit, by laying a direct tax upon the United States, and to provide for assessing and collecting the same," passed on the 9th January, 1815, as to reduce the direct tax to be levied for the year 1816, and succeeding years, to three millions; and also so to amend the act entitled "an act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expences of government and maintaining the public credit by laying a direct tax upon the District of Columbia," passed on the 27th of February, 1815, as to reduce the direct tax to be levied therein, annually, to 9999, 20-100.

7. *Resolved*, That it is expedient to repeal the act entitled "an act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expences of government and maintaining the public credit, dy laying duties on spirits distilled within the United States and Territories thereof, and by amending the act laying duties on licences to distillers of spirituous liquors," passed on the 21st of December, 1814, excepting only the 16th, 18th, 19th and 24th sections thereof, from and after the 1st day of April next, and from the same day to add 100 per cent. to the amount of the duty which all stills now subject to duty are liable to pay.

8. *Resolved*, That it is expedient to repeal, from and after the 18th day of April next, the act entitled "an act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expences of government and maintaining the public credit, by laying duties on various goods, wares, and merchandize, manufactured within the United States," passed on the 18th of January, 1815, and also the act entitled "an act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expences of government and maintaining the public credit, by laying a duty on gold, silver, and plated ware, and jewelry, and paste work, manufactured within the U. States," passed on the 27th of February, 1815, from the same day.

9. *Resolved*, That it is expedient to repeal the act entitled "an act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expences of government and maintaining the public credit, by laying duties on household furniture, and on gold and silver watches," passed on the 18th of January, 1815.

10. *Resolved*, That it is expedient so to amend the rates of duties upon imported articles, after the 30th of June next, as that they shall be estimated to produce an amount equal to that which would be produced by an average addition of 42 per cent. to the permanent rates of duties.

11. *Resolved*, That the deficiency arising from the reduction or abolition of any of the duties heretofore pledged by law for the support of the government, for the payment of the public debt, and the establishment of a sinking fund, shall be supplied by appropriating to those objects, a sufficient amount from the product of the taxes or duties proposed to be continued or increased.

12. *Resolved*, That it is expedient that from and after the year 1816, an addition shall be made to the sum of 8,000,000 of dollars, now annually appropriated for the payment of the interest and principal of the public debt, so as to make the whole sum to be appropriated annually to that purpose, 13,500,000 dollars.

[*From a late London Paper.*]

THE BIBLE.

A nation must be truly blessed, if it were governed by no other laws, than those of this blessed book; it is so complete a system, that nothing can be added to it, or taken from it; it contains every thing needful to be known or done; it gives instruction and counsel to a senate; authority and direction for a magistrate; it cautions a witness; requires an impartial verdict of a jury, and furnishes the judge with his sentence; it sets the husband as lord of the household, and the wife as mistress of the family, tells *him* how to rule, and *her* how to manage: It entails honor to parents, and enjoins obedience to children. It prescribes and limits the sway of the sovereign, the rule of the ruler, and authority of the master; commands the subject to honor, and the servants to obey; and promises the blessings and protection of its AUTHOR, to all that walk by its rules; it promises food and raiment, and limits the use of both. It points out a faithful and an Eternal Guardian to the departing husband and father; tells him with whom to leave his fatherless children, and in whom his widow is to trust, *Jeremiah*, xlix. 11. It teaches a man how to set his house in order, and how to make his will: It defends the rights of all; and reveals vengeance to every defrauder, over-reacher, and oppressor. It is the *first* book; the *best* book; and the *oldest* book in the world; it contains the choicest matter; gives the best instruction; and affords the greatest pleasure and satisfaction that ever was revealed: It contains the best of laws, and most profound mysteries that ever was penned: It brings the best tidings, and affords the best of comfort to the enquiring and disconsolate: It exhibits life and immortality from everlasting, and shews the way to glory: It is a brief recital of all that is past, and a certain prediction of all that is to come: It settles all matters in debate, resolves all doubts, and eases the mind and conscience of all their scruples: It reveals the only living and true GOD, and shews the way to him; and sets aside all other gods, and describes the vanity of them, and all that trust in them: In short, it is a book of laws, to shew right and wrong; a book of wisdom, that condemns all folly, and makes the foolish wise; a book of truth, that detects all lies, and confutes all errors; and a book of life, that shews the way from everlasting death. It is the most compendious book in all the world, the most authentic, and the most entertaining history that ever was published. It contains the most ancient antiquities, strange events, wonderful occurrences, heroic deeds, unparalleled wars: It describes the celestial, terrestial, and eternal worlds; and the origin of the angelic myriads, human tribes, and devlish legions: It will instruct the most accomplished mechanic, and the most profound artist: It will teach the best rhetorician, and exercise every power of the most skilful arithmetician, *Revelations* xiii. 18 puzzle the wisest anatomist, and exercise the nicest critic: It corrects the vain philosopher, and confutes the wisest astronomer: It exposes the subtle sophist, and makes diviners mad: It is a complete code of laws, a perfect body of divinity, an unequalled narrative; a book of lives, a book of travels, and a book of voyages: It is the best covenant that ever was agreed-on, the best deed that ever was sealed, the best evidence that ever was produced, the best will that ever was made, and the best testament that ever was signed. To understand it, is to be wise indeed; to be ignorant of it, is to be destitute of wisdom. It is the magistrate's best rule, the housewife's best guide; the servant's best directory, and the young man's best companion; It is the school boy's spelling book, and the learned man's master-piece: It contains a choice grammar for a novice, and a profound mystery for a sage: It is the ignorant man's dictionary, and the wise man's directory: It encourages the wise, and promises an eternal reward to the excellent. And that which crowns all is, that the Author is without partiality and without hypocrisy, "IN WHOM IS NO VARIABLENESS OR SHADOW OF TURNING."

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 27, 1816.

A bill reviving the act for erecting Bridges over the *Monongahela* and *Allegheny rivers*, at Pittsburgh, has engaged the attention of the Legislature for some time—there is no doubt but a law will be passed to that effect;—the only obstacle at present is to fix on the proper place for locating the Monongahela Bridge, and, it is said, that the consideration of the bill has been postponed for a few days, in order that further information may be had on the subject. The Allegheny Bridge is located at Robinson's Ferry, a point admitted to be the most suitable. It is said that the state will grant 40,000 dollars to each Bridge

We are informed, that other business of importance to Pittsburgh and the Western Country, is before the Legislature.

An account has been furnished us by Mr. Alexander Thompson, who resides on the Turnpike road four miles and an half from Pittsburgh, from which it appears, that from the 1st of January, 1815 to the 31st of December 1815, inclusive, 5,300 road waggons, *laden with merchandize*, &c. passed his farm for Pittsburgh. The greater part of these waggons returned loaded with cordage, saltpetre, &c. to the east of the mountains.

The waggons with iron from the Juniata and other iron works, are not included in the above.

From Correspondents.

Moderate and reflecting men were of opinion that the late war was begun without due preparation. It is now a subject of great consolation that Congress are not chargeable with any supineness in preparing for the ensuing political campaign. Wise and great statesmen will profit by the errors of their predecessors. Happy for our country that we are ruled by such men. An important event is now approaching—the election of President; for that preparation must be made. Votes are wanted and they must be had. The Southrons are fearful of being hard pressed, and a committee of Congress have recommended that the Territory of Mississippi be formed into a new State and admitted into the Union, True, she has not yet the population which entitles her to admission into the Union. But she may have it. True, the caucus candidate may not have votes enough to secure his election. But where such means are adopted he cannot fail of success.

Happy people whose government can thus foresee and supply their wants.—The election comes on in ten months, who will say that Congress are remiss in providing for it. There is now a necessity to be active—the fate of the President is at stake. During the war there was none—nothing was in danger but the country. Then the negligence of our rulers only cost us a few *armies*, a few forts, a few millions of money, a *few* thousand men, and a few *hundreds* of women and children. Now the same negligence might lose us a southern President. Reader, pause and admire, the statesmen who indifferent to the fate of their country, are thus alive to their own. Men who would not risk their popularity by raising money to defend their country, but who will create states to secure an election.

If the war had been conducted with such foresight, we should not have called that an honorable peace which could only be made by an abandonment of all our grounds of war. T.

One Man may steal a Horse, while another dare not look over the hedge.

The Governors of Massachusetts and Connecticut refused to obey the orders of Mr. Madison to place the militia of those states under the orders of General Dearborn, on the ground of the orders of the President being unconstitutional.—

...ey were called tories and traitors, ...ough the Legislature and Supreme ...rt of both States approved and sanc... ...ned the conduct of the Governors.— ...ose were then tory states, hot-beds ...edition, dens of traitors. Congress ...support the war levy internal taxes, ...facilitate the collection, to diminish ...expences of suits and save delin... ...ents from being dragged from the fron... ...to the sea coast, enact that suits ...be brought in the state courts. The ...rt of Appeals of Virginia, their high... ...judicial tribunal, has decided that ...law is unconstitutional, and that ...will not obey it. They have so... ...ly and unanimously refused to obey ...peremptory mandate of the Supreme ...rt of the United States to render ...ement. Had this been a Connecti... ...or Massachusetts Court, what would ...ave been said. But it was a Vir... ...Court. Aye, that alters the case, ...the lawyer. Virginians can do no ...; they are all Patriots. But I ...Mr. Scull, that sauce for the goose ...ce for the gander. I want now to ...what our patriotic printers will say ...his case which comes home to their ...sciences. It ought not to be forgotten ...a similar provision was inserted in ...law for raising internal taxes passed ...ly after the government was orga... ...ed—when Congress knew and did ...duty—when it was composed of ...patriots of the revolution, the sages ...formed the constitution, and when ...talents and virtue of the country go... ...ed it. Washington approved that ... The constitution was then under... ...d. But, Mr. Scull, those days are ... Greater and better men than ...ashington, and wiser men than his ...sociates, are now our rulers. They ...have said that state courts have ju... ...risdiction. But it seems that Virginia ...Courts are alone competent to expound ...the Constitution—they can bid defiance ...to the government and obstruct the exe... ...cution of the laws. What with Virginia ...Presidents, Virginia influence, and Vir... ...ginia courts, we seem to be approaching ...state of vassalage as degrading as the ...titude of a monarchy.

A Pennsylvanian.

Legislature of Pennsylvania.

REPORT ON BANKS, &c.

Mr. M'Euen the chairman of the com... ...ttee on Banks, to whom was referred ...resolution relative to an 'inquiry into ...causes of the suspension of specie pay... ...ments, by the banks within this common... ...wealth,' and 'what measures ought to ...adopted by the legislature on the sub... ...ject,' made report.

This report ascribes the causes of the ...pension of specie payments,

1st. To the too great number of banks ...the commonwealth, and to the new ...banks drawing the specie which was to ...constitute their capitals from the old in... ...corporated banks, &c.

2d. To the making of large loans to ...the United States, by individuals and by ...some of the banks, without the latter cor... ...respondently diminishing their private ...loans.

3d. To the interruption of the com... ...merce of the southern and middle states, ...which compelled them to carry on their ...foreign commerce through the eastern ...states, by which the monied institutions ...and individuals to the east (who had ...been very sparing of their loans to the U. ...S.) were enabled to draw the specie from ...the banks of the middle and southern ...states. In addition to this, a large a... ...mount of English government bills were ...thrown into market, which were payable ...in specie only, and the specie smuggled ...to the enemy.

The report concludes by observing ...that, 'from the extensive loans made by ...the banks, much inconvenience would ...result from too hasty a diminution of ...their discounts,' and adds the following ...recommendations and resolution:

1st. That a law should be passed, o... ...bliging the banks within this common... ...wealth to pay to each other an interest ...on balances, from and after the 1st of ...March next, at the rate of 6 per cent. ...per annum, to be paid monthly.

2d. That if any bank within this com... ...monwealth shall refuse to pay its notes ...in specie, after the 1st of January 1817, ...on proof of a legal demand having been ...made, interest shall commence from the ...date of such demand, at the rate of 18 ...per cent. per annum, and continue at ...that rate until the demand shall be fully ...satisfied.

3d. That if any bank within this com... ...monwealth shall refuse to pay its notes ...in specie, on or after the 1st of January ...1818, its corporate rights shall, from ...the date of such refusal, be null and void.

Resolved, That a committee be ap... ...pointed to bring in a bill conformably to ...the above report.

The report being read a second time ...a motion was made by Mr. Buchanan ...and Mr. Dysart, to postpone the same ...for the purpose of introducing the fol... ...lowing substitute:

Resolved, That it is inexpedient at ...this time for the legislature to adopt any ...compulsory measures relative to banks.

A motion was made and carried, to ...postpone both the original and substitute ...for the present.

Ordered, That the subject be made ...the order of the day for Saturday the ...20th inst.

Indian Treaties.—The President and Senate have ratified the following treaties with our indian neighbors:—

1. A treaty of peace with the Poutawatamies of the Illinois river, concluded at Portage des Sioux, July 18, 1815.

2. A treaty with the Kickapoo tribe, concluded at the same place, 2d September, 1815.

3. A treaty of peace with the Iaway tribe, concluded at the same place, September 16, 1815.

4. A treaty of peace with the Teeton tribe, concluded at the same place, 19th July, 1815.

5. A treaty of peace, concluded at the same time and place, with the Sioux of the Lakes.

6. A treaty of peace with the Wyandot, Delaware, Seneca, Shawanoe, Miami, Chippewa, Ottawa and Potawatimie tribes, residing within the limits of the state of Ohio, and the territories of Indiana and Michigan, concluded at Spring Wells, on the 8th September, 1815.

7. A treaty of peace with the Piankeshaw tribe, concluded at Portage des Sioux, on the 18th of July, 1815.

8. A treaty of peace with the Kanzas tribe, concluded at St: Louis, on the 28th of October, 1815.

In these treaties, it is stipulated that "there shall be perpetual peace and friendship between all the citizens of the United States of America and the individuals composing the respective tribes;" and that the "possessions, rights and privileges which those tribes enjoyed, prior to the late war with Great Britain, shall be restored."

TO MARY OF ERIN.

A spell is upon me! I cannot gainsay
The strong inclination which seizes my quill
To write a few stanzas, or metrical lay
To Mary of Erin—turn out as it will.
'Tis strange! that a stranger should wish to indulge
Such feelings, nor care for the light they appear in,
When thus, in his way, he attempts to divulge
His high admiration of Mary of Erin.

2.

Yet, Mary of Erin, a heart formed like thine,
Will know how to value the homage he pays
Whose sterling sincerity spreads out the line
Which never by measure unmeaningly strays.
And be thou persuaded that he who now writes
In this simple language, of one thing is clear in,
That he would not risk, by poetical flights,
To hurt the soft feelings of Mary of Erin.

3.

Oft, Mary of Erin, I've followed thee far,
And ranged o'er the hills of thy dear native land,
That land where political tumults now mar
The blessings and comforts which Liberty plann'd.
I see thee, escap'd from the troubles behind,
Enjoying one spot which there's nothing to fear in;
And, now, from thy grateful and o'erflowing mind,
I catch the enthusiasm of Mary of Erin.

4.

Give, Mary of Erin, thy talents full scope,
And let the warm sentiments flow from thy tongue;
The land of Adoption, of Promise, and Hope
Deserves in such numbers as thine to be sung.
And thou, lovely songstress, shalt reap thy reward,
And all the renown thou bestow'st have a share in;
For in thy effusions our hearts shall accord,
And echo the praises of Mary of Erin.

5.

Come! Mary of Erin, I long to behold
The flights of thy genius, through regions like ours.
Thy own Susquehanna invites to unfold
The gifts of thy muse—her superlative pow'rs.
Describ'd by thy pencil the land of thy *choice*,
Thy name and thy memory shall long remain dear in,
Where soothed with our sympathy, thou wilt rejoice
In having forsaken thy own native Erin.

6.

And ah! if the Muses had granted the pray'r
Which burst forth in childhood from my glowing heart,
Like thee, when inhailing Columbia's free air,
I, too, on the harp, would have acted my part!
Too feeble to hold it, that harp I resign,
And choose to continue my own humbler sphere in,
Well pleas'd, if permitted, a wreath to entwine
For brows such as thine, lovely Mary of Erin.

THE RECLUSE.

Observations on the Weather.

Scale of Temperature. FHARENHEIT.

January 1816	Temperature at sun rise	Temperature at meredian.	Temperature at sun set.	Appearance of the weather at sun rise.	Appearance of the weather at meridian.	Appearance of the weather at sun set.
15	0-10	24	10	clear	clear	clear
16	28	34	35	rain	rain	rian
17	43	37	30	rain	rain & sw	cloudy
18	30	44	30	cloudy	cloudy	clear
19	18	39	32	cloudy	cloudy	cloudy
20	10	30	24	clear	clear	clear
21	28	52	42	clear	clear	clear

——*Insatiate Archer,*
Could not one suffice—
Thy shaft flew "twice", and "twice", my peace was slain,
And "twice" ere "once" yon moon had fil'd her horn.

Departed this life on Saturday 13th inst, after a few days illness, Mrs. Jane Dickson, consort of John Dickson.

Also, on Wednesday, 17th inst. after a few days illness, Mrs. Hannah Courtney, consort of Willian Courtney, Esq. both of Ohio Township.—What renders it more particularly afflicting in the latter case is, her sudden death in the absence of her husband, who is attending to the duties of his appointment at Harrisburgh.

"They were lovely and pleasant in their lives, and in their deaths they were not divided."

A young Woman wishes a situation in a genteel family to take care of children, or to assist in house work Enquire of the Printer. January 24, 1816.

Six Out-Lots for Sale.

THESE LOTS are situated on Grant's Hill, adjoining Adamson Tannehill, Esq. The intrinsic beauty of these Lots, their contiguity to Pittsburgh, the elegant and commanding view which they afford of the town, the surrounding country, and the Monongahela, Allegheny and Ohio rivers, sufficiently recommend them. For terms apply to

JOHN M'DONALD,
Smithfield Street.

Pittsburgh, January 24, 1816.

FOR SALE.

ONE undivided third part of YOUGH PAPER MILL, with 300 Acres of Wood Land, near Connell'sville, Fayette County, Pennsylvania. The Mill has two Vatts and Engines, and all in complete order. The credit of this Mill is so well known, that it is not thought necessary to say any thing on that subject. This property will be sold low for good payments. Any person wishing to purchase will have a good bargain by applying to the subscriber at the Mill.

JOSEPH ROGERS.

January 15, 1816. 2m

TO RENT,

And possession given the first of April next.

A TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE, situated on Water Street, between Market and Wood Streets, now in the occupancy of Messrs. Alexander & Heslip, Dry Good Merchants.

For terms apply to,

NEAL & MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, January 24, 1816.

Ormsby & Doane,

HAVE FOR SALE,

200bbls. Kenhawa Salt

4bbls Loaf Sugar
Brandy, first quality
Rolled and Barr Iron (Juniata)
4, 6, 8, and 10 Nails
Nail Rods, Stoves
Castings, Tacks
Glass, &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, January 26, 1816.

FLAX WANTED.

WANTED by the subscribers, thirty or forty TONS OF GOOD SCUTCHED OR SWINGLED FLAX, for which the highest price will be given in Cash, at the *Western Flax Spinning and Linen Manufactory*, on the Turnpike Road leading from Pittsburgh to Greensburgh, one quarter of a mile from the Mansion House of John Woods, Esq.; at *Matthew Stewart's* Nail Manufactory, north end of Market Street, and at *John Reed's*, four mile Ferry, on the Allegheny.

STEWART & REED.

July 4, 1815. tf.

FOR SALE:

A LARGE THREE STORY BRICK WARE-HOUSE, situate in Wood between Front and Water Streets, adjoining Allen & Grant's Store. J. P. & J. W. SKELTON.

Pittsburgh, August 11, 1815. tf.

Fulling and Cloth Dressing.

GEORGE COCHRAN respectfully informs the public, that he is prepared to carry on the above business extensively, and solicits a share of public patronage. Cloth will be received at his store west side of the Public Square, and returned in a shorter time than at any other place in the Western Country. He flatters himself that his prices and the quality of the work will give satisfaction to those who please to favor him with their custom.

Pittsburgh, August 30, 1815.

FOR SALE,

A valuable Tract of Land,

CONTAINING 237 acres, situate in Plumb township, Allegheny county, one mile north of Cavet's mill, the property of John M'Grew, of Adams county. There are several cabins on the premises, about 80 acres cleared, 5 or 6 sugar camps, and upwards of 80 acres of first rate bottom. This farm is not more than 15 miles from Pittsburgh. An indisputable title will be given, and payments made easy. For particulars apply to THOMAS BRACKEN, Pittsburgh, or to SIMON M'GREW, North Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania.

June 23, 1815.

WANTED,

A GIRL to do the work of a small family.—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per week will be paid to one that can come well recommended. Enquire of J. W. SKELTON, Druggist, Wood Street.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 1, 1815.

S. & J. THOMPSON. MERCHANT TAYLORS,

South East end of Market Street, Pittsburgh,

HAVE just received a large supply of SUPERFINE CLOTHS, CASSIMERS and VESTINGS, of almost every colour and quality, which they will sell on reasonable terms.—They have now a number of excellent workmen, and are enabled to assure those who may favor them with orders, that they shall be filled at a short notice, and always in the newest fashions:—They also have military trimmings.

Samuel Thompson, is sorry he is again compelled to invite those having accounts to settle on his old books, to come forward and either pay them or give their notes. He has all their accounts made out and ready for settlement.

October 11, 1815. tfq.

Seventy-five Cents Cash,

WILL BE GIVEN FOR GOOD

Merchantable FLAXSEED,

By applying to

GILLAND & CO.
Corner of Market and Fourth Streets, Pittsburgh.

TO LET

A Store completely shelved,

with a large and convenient Counting Room and good Cellar, situate on the north west side of the Diamond, lately in the occupancy of Messrs. C. Pentland & Co.

Also, a large Frame Building, situate on Diamond Alley. It would answer well for a Livery Stable or Ware House. Apply to A. HILL, or to WILLIAM HILL, S. E. Corner of Market and Fourth Streets.

Pittsburgh, January 19, 1816.

TO RENT,

The Corner House opposite

the Western Hotel, Wood Street. Enquire of ROBERT CUNLIFFE, next door to said House. Pittsburgh, January 16, 1816.

☞SPECIAL NOTICE.☜

THE subscriber requests all who stand indebted by bond, note or book account, (no matter how large or small the sum) to call and settle the same before the first of March next. After which time all balances due, without favour or distinction, will be lodged in the hands of competent officers for collection.

Those to whom I stand indebted, or who have accounts remaining unsettled, are requested to call for settlement. Particular attention is *solicited.*

ISAAC HARRIS.

Pittsburgh, January 10, 1816.

N. B. For the accommodation of those who are willing but cannot pay in current money, Country Produce or Barter will be accepted at fair prices. Those who can pay but will not, must be made to pay.

For Sale or Rent.

A LARGE Two Story BRICK HOUSE and LOT adjoining for a Garden, now occupied by the Subscriber—also, a small Frame House in Diamond Alley, which is occupied by Mrs. Dunning: and two or three comfortable Houses in and near the Village of Lawrenceville. Possession will be given on the first of April next, by

WILLIAM B. FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, January 16, 1816. tf

NOTICE.

THE Members of the EAGLE FIRE COMPANY are informed, that their ENGINE HOUSE has been removed to the Lot below the Office of Discount and Deposit, adjoining that House in Second Street.

WILLIAM EICHBAUM, } *Committee.*
A. ERNEST, }

Pittsburgh, January 18, 1816.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of *fieri facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Cotton Factory in Third Street, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, lately occupied by Mr. Kerwin, on the 27th of January inst. at 12 o'clock, A. M. the following Cotton Machinery, viz:—

1 Mule 240 Spindles,
1 Throssel 120 do.
2 Carding Machines,
6 Heads of Roving and three of Drawing.
1 Double Reel,
3 Dozen Tin Canns,
1 Picker, Spools, &c. &c.

—ALSO—

340 Sheets of Cotton Machine Cards, assorted, from No. 28 to No. 32.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Corbin & Benny, and to be sold by

WILLIAM WOODS, *Sheriff.*

Pittsburgh, January 6, 1816.

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87 Kegs Kentucky Tobacco

100 Bags Prime Green Coffee
40 Boxes Tin Plates
10 Barrels Pepper
10 do. Rice
7 do. Saltpetre
100 do. Salt
6 do. Allum
50 Boxes Brimstone
20 do. Shoes
6 Chests Hyson Skin Tea
10 Bags Feathers
Sheet Iron
Double Glazed Gunpowder, Shot
Segars *in boxes*, &c. &c. &c.

FOR SALE BY
ALLEN & GRANT.

January 1816.

STRAYS.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Ross Township, opposite Davis's Ferry, Pittsburgh, a bright bay MARE, 8 years old, has a snip and ratch, three white feet, and the letter M on the nigh shoulder—has been here about three months.

Also, a Muhle COW, about 10 years old, dark brown colour, white face. The owner or owners is desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take them away.

ALEXANDER ROBINSON.

January 3, 1816.

Information Wanted

OF a certain SAMUEL THORNE, late of Crofton, near Wakefield in Yorkshire, England. He sailed from Liverpool, on the 9th of August last, in the ship Factor, for Philadelphia, and arrived there on the 17th of September. It is supposed he left Philadelphia for Pittsburgh about the 25th of September.—His wife with three children, have arrived at Philadelphia in the Helvetius, and earnestly wish to learn where he now is. His family are at present residing at No. 114, Water Street, between Arch and Race Streets, Philadelphia. Any information respecting said Thorne, will be thankfully received by his family as above, or by Nicholas Cunningham & Co. Merchants, Pittsburgh,

December 23d, 1815.

Scutching Tow.

THE Subscriber, Agent for the Pittsburgh Steam Paper Mill, situate half a mile out of Town, between the new Turnpike Road and the Allegheny River, will give for good clean Scutching Tow, per pound, viz—for any quantity delivered to George Hirst, foreman at the Mill, *Three Cents in Money*, and for any quantity delivered at the Bookstore, in Fourth Street, *Two and an Half Cents in Money*, or *Three* in Books and Paper.

When the Tow is much mixed with shows or dirt, little or nothing will be given for it.

It is requested that those who bring in Tow, in consequence of this advertisement, would be particularly attentive to the conditions.

R. PATTERSON.

THE PARTNERSHIP OF

M'Donnell, Brown & Co.

is this day dissolved by consent.

JOHN M'DONNELL,
WILLIAM BROWN,
JAMES EKIN.

Pittsburgh, 1st January, 1816.

The business in future will be conducted under the Firm of

M'DONNELL & EKIN.

To whom all persons indebted to the late Firm will please make immediate payment, and those having accounts against the same will present them for settlement to the subscribers, who hope for a continuance of public patronage.

JOHN M'DONNELL,
JAMES EKIN.

NEW GOODS

BY THE

Piece or Package.

BRAINARD, SELDEN, & Co.

Have received, directly from New York,

70 packages of Dry Goods,

COMPRISING a very extensive assortment of English and French Goods, which they offer for Sale upon the most accommodating terms, at the Store lately occupied by Messrs. Bean & Butler, in Front between Wood and Market Streets.

Merchants wishing to replenish their Stores, will find it an object to call.

Pittsburgh, January 26, 1816. 7t

Real Estate for Sale.

Three Lots of Ground on Wood

and Fifth Streets, as follows:—

ONE Lot on the corner of Wood and Fifth Streets, containing 40 feet in Front on Wood Street by 60 feet front on Fifth Street.

One Lot, adjoining the above, 20 feet front on Fifth Street by 50 feet deep, on which is erected a well finished Frame House, two stories high, 20 feet front on Fifth Street by 24 feet deep, with a commodious Kitchen adjoining.

One Lot adjoining George Morrow's Brick House, 30 feet front on Fifth Street by 50 feet deep.

For the accommodation of these Lots there is laid off a 10 feet alley, running between the two last mentioned Lots, from Fifth Street to Diamond Alley.

The above property will be Sold at Auction on the 13th of February next, unless previously Sold at Private Sale. Terms of Sale made known by applying to

JEREMIAH STURGEON.

Pittsburgh. January 23, 1816.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS the subscriber became security in a note with Francis Johnston, for the payment of upwards of Twenty Dollars, to a certain Alexander M'Kee, and as I have never received any valve for the same, and Johnston has left this part of the country, I hereby forwarn all persons from taking an assignmedt on said note, as I will not pay it unless compelled by law.

THOMAS OSBORNE.

Pittsburgh, Jonuary 25, 1816.

Irish Woolen Stockings.

THE subscriber has received a nice assortment of WOOLEN STOCKINGS, suitable for the present season, which he offers to his friends and the public, wholesale or retail, on moderate terms for Cash, or negociable Notes.

WILLIAM TAIT, *Saddler.*

Pittsburgh, January 17, 1816.

EDUCATION.

A GENTLEMAN, who has been employed as a Teacher of an English School for many years past, and whose reputation in that capacity is well established, purposes opening a School in Pittsburgh about the first of April next, provided he meets with such encouragements as would warrant him in relinquishing his present situation.

Persons disposed to encourage the proposed School may learn further particulars by calling on JAMES M. RIDDLE, Esq. in Third Street, who will state the terms, &c. and give references to respectable Citizens of the Borough of Pittsburgh, who are well acquainted with the method and success in teaching, and also the personal character and reputation of the person alluded to. January 16, 1816.

EDUCATION.

MR. BOARDMAN, Teacher of the Lancaster School in Market Street, professes to teach the *ENGLISH GRAMMAR* scientifically and with unusual facility, for the most part by way of lecture and interrogation. Not meeting with sufficient encouragement either to employ his time or afford a competency in the institution already established, he purposes in addition, to exert his talents in this highly important branch of Education, the study of which, although it is an admirable exercise for the mature judgment of an adult, still is susceptible of being so simplified as to be comprehended by the juvenile understanding.—From Mr. B's experience in teaching this science, he is induced to believe that the parents and friends of those entrusted to his charge, will have the gratification of realizing their livliest expectations of the pupils progress.

When the days lengthen a class of young Ladies or Misses may receive lessons either in Grammar or Geography, and their convenience will be consulted as to the hours of attendance.

January 18, 1816.

☞ Penmanship is taught at the above institution on the most approued system.

NOTICE

ALL persons concerned will please to take notice, that I claim, in right of my wife, an undivided ninth part of a Tract of Land in Pitt township, adjoining the Bullock Pens, Dunning M'Nair, William Wilkins, and others, called the Bull Pens, containing 180 acres or thereabouts, and which is now advertised for sale by William Wallace and William Peebles. Persons inclined to purchase will please take notice of this claim.

DAVID M'NAIR.

January 13, 1816.

BEAN & BUTLER,

Have just received and offer for Sale,

English Blistered Steel,

American Do. Do. manufactured from Swedish Iron
A few Faggots CROWLY STEEL
A few Barrels prime New Orleans SUGAR
800 Barrels SALT
Spanish Flotant INDIGO.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 28, 1815.

To Let on Perpetual Lease,

NINE or TEN ACRES of GROUND, on the Monongahela River, one mile from Pittsburgh. Any person wishing to Lease it, may know the terms by making immediate application to the subscriber.

JOHN IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 27, 1815. tf

White and Red Lead.

A CONSTANT supply of WHITE LEAD, Dry and Ground in Oil, *warranted* of the best quality, can always be had at STEVENSON'S Manufactory, and at the Drug and Paint Warehouse of AVERY & STEVENSON. The character of this Lead is perfectly established, and shall not decline.

J. S. Stevenson also Manufactures RED LEAD, a supply of which can always be had as above.

Pittsburgh, January 1, 1816.

FRESH GOODS.

ROBERT GETTY,

HAS just received and is now opening at his Store, corner of Diamond & Market Street, an extensive and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queens-ware, and Hardware.

Purchased since the late fall of Goods and will be sold unusually low.

Nov. 25, 1815.

NEW GOODS.

A. BARKER & JOHN D. DAVIS,

Having entered into partnership under the firm o

BARKER & DAVIS,

HAVE Received and are now opening at their Wholesale and Retail Store, in Market Street, next door to the corner of Fourth Street, a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING:

WOOD'S best London Superfine Blue, Black, Bottle Green, Drab, Claret, Olive and Brown BROAD CLOTHS,
Fine and coarse Broad Cloths assorted colours
Blue, Black, Bottle Green and Olive Pelisse Cloths
Fine and coarse Coatings and Moleskins
Cassimers, Cassinets and Elastic Cords
Flannels, Baizes, and Blue and Mixed Plains
Ribbed and plain Stockinetts assorted colours
Olive, Black and Slate color Velvets and Cords
Swansdown, Toilinett and Silk Stripe Vestings
Rose, Point and Duffield Blankets
Bombazetts, Bombazene and Rattinetts assorted
Super dressed and undressed Prints
Low priced Calicoes of all descriptions
Super dressed furniture Chintzes
Cambric and super Ginghams
4-4 and 5-4 Irish Linens, and 6-4, 7-4 and 8-4 Diaper
Dimities, Long Cloths and British Shirtings
Blue and White India and Domestic Muslins
Blue, Black, Pink, Yellow and Green Cambrick Do.
8-4, 9-8 and 6-4 dressed and undressed Cambrick Do.
Plain and figured Jaconet and Mull Do.
Do. do. Leno and Oook Do.
Spidernett, Corded Lappet and striped Do.
Laloc, Pink, Blue and Buff fancy Do.
Super Cluster, Seeded and Lace Muslins
Do. fancy Muslin Handkerchiefs figured and plain
Demi and Linen Cambricks
Pampalona Silk Checks and Silk and Cotton Ginghams
Levantine and Florence Silks assorted colors
Florentine and Silk Velvet Vestings
Ladies Black, White and lead color Silk Hose
Levantine Damask and serged Silk Shawls
6-4 and 7-4 Merino, Silk and Cotton Shawls
Fancy and black Silk Handkerchiefs & Shawls
Embroidered Lace Capes and Handk'fs
White and black Silk Gauze figured and plain
Black, Blue, Pink, Laloc and White Crapes
Cashmere and Chintz Shawls from 4-4 to 8-4
Imitation and Rich Mosair Do.
Scarlet, Blue and Flag Bandanah Handk'fs
Real and Mock Madrass Do.
Fancy Pocket and Children's Do.
Mens and Womens Worsted & Cotton Hosiery
Mens assorted Lamb's Wool Hose and 1-2 Hose
Ladies Silk, York Tann'd and Kid Gloves
Gentlemens best Beaver, Silk and Kid Do.
Do. Buckskin and Woolen Do.
Ladies extra long Kid Gloves
Italian and English Sewing Silk and Twist
Patent and Common Suspenders
Silk and Cotton Umbrellas and Hat Covers
Ladies and Gentlemens Riding Whips
Fine and Common Plaids Stripes & Chambrays
4-4 and 3-4 Cotton Checks and Domestic Shirtings
Bed Ticking and Domestic Ginghams
Real Tortoise Shell and Common back & side Combs
Best English Cotton Balls & Nuns Thread
Black & coloured Galloons and Bindings
Edged and Plain Satten and Mantua Ribbands
Black and White Silk and Cotton Laces
Ladies Black and White Feathers
Silk and Cotton Cords and embroidered Trimmings
White and coloured Fringes, &c.
With a variety of other fancy articles
Ladies Morocco, Kid and Leather Shoes
Mens and boys fine and coarse Do.
Misses and Chidrens Shoes and Bootees.

Hardware.

A general assortment of HARDWARE.

Queensware.

Gold, Silver and Steel LusterWare
Plates, Cups and Saucers and Tea Pots
Tureens, Sallads, and large and small Dishes
Bowls, Pitchers, Creams, Sugars, &c.

Groceries.

10 Barrels 1st and 2d quality Coffee
No. 1 and 3 Chocolate, 1 cask Spanish Whiting
A few barrels Loaf and Lump Sugar, in Coffee
Cavendish Tobacco and Powder by the Keg
Refined Salt Petre, Virdigrise and Camphor, and other Groceries, &c.

The above, with avariety of other Merchandize, are offered WHOLESALE & RETAIL, at a small advance for CASH or Country Produce

ABNER BARKER.
JOHN D. DAVIS.

Nov. 9, 1815. tfq*¶S

Citizens of Pittsburgh,

AND

Customers of the Pittsburgh Steam Mill.

THE proprietors of the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, inform the public that they have on hand a good supply of Wheat and a large quantity of Corn, and therefore expect to furnish during the season, on reasonable terms, FRESH FLOUR, and boulted CORN MEAL, of a superior quality.

WHEAT, RYE and CORN, purchased and the highest prices given.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1815.

Land for Sale.

A VALUABLE FARM, lying on the Frankstown road, 12 miles east of Pittsburgh, containing 238 acres, about 100 acres cleared, about 16 acres of good timothy meadow, On the premises is a good Log House and Kitchen, a Barn, and a good Apple Orchard, with other fruit trees. A further description is thought unnecessary, as it presumed that any one wishing to purchase will view the land, which will be shewn and the terms of sale made known by the subscriber living on the premises.

DUGAL M'FARLAND.

[illegible]ember 25, 1815.

COLUMBIAN STEAM ENGINES.

THE PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE COMPANY,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the Public generally that their establishment is now in complete operation and consists of a

STEAM ENGINE FACTORY,

for furnishing Steam Engines on Oliver Evans's construction, which daily experience is proving to be the cheapest and most powerful.

AN AIR FOUNDERY.

on an extensive scale, capable of furnishing castings of any description, but particularly adapted to machinery.

AN ANVIL AND ANCHOR FACTORY,

capable of furnishing anvils and anchors of the largest size.

A BRASS FOUNDERY,

calculated for general castings, but particularly for machinery and large bells, which will be warranted of the first quality.

A BUTT-HINGE FACTORY,

will also shortly be in operation, on a scale sufficiently large to supply any demand. It is also intended to supply small castings annealed.

A PATTERN MAKER'S SHOP, AND A BORING AND TURNERS SHOP.

The lathes are driven by the force of steam; and all orders in the different branches of turning *Iron, Brass, Wood, &c.* will be executed with dispatch.

They also carry on the business of

SCREW MAKING,

and are prepared to furnish Rolling and Slitting Mill, Paper Mill, Fullers, Tobacco and Millstone Screws, &c.

The *Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company* flatter themselves that the nature and extent of their establishment, will enable them to furnish any article in the mechanical line particularly, on as short and as favorable terms as any establishment in the state.

They have on hand a STEAM ENGINE, sufficiently powerful to grind from 20 to 25 bushels of Wheat per hour, in the best manner. Also, a number of Paper Mill, Fullers, and Mill Screws, and Sugar Mill apparatus.

March 1, 1815. tf

TO FARMERS.

THE following valuable TRACTS of LAND, situate on Conequenessing and Brush creeks, in North Sewickly township, Beaver county, Penn. are offered for Sale.

No. 190, containing 200 acres On this Tract there are about 30 acres cleared, and the greatest part is rich bottom—on the premises are a good framed dwelling house, one story high, with a good garret in which is one large room and a sleeping room—a framed kitchen adjoining of a good size, with a cellar underneath, and a spring house before the door, the water of an excellent quality—the tenont is under obligation to build a barn—A house of worship about 80 rods distant.

No. 178, containing 132 acres or thereabouts in this Tract about 20 acres are cleared, from which no crop has as yet been raised, the greater part bottom—the land of an excellent quality—to this tract is attached the one-third right in a saw-mill and a small quantity of land adjoining.

No. 173, containing 200 acres, is almost entirely bottom land on Brush creek—about 16 acres cleared—this tract is exceedingly rich and fertile, fit for meadow or corn ground.

No. 184. The undivided fourth part of 200 acres, near the Iron works of Doctor Basse—the soil good.

ALSO—Several Lots in the Town of Stone's-ville.

The three first Tracts are situate 9 miles from the Town of Beaver, from one-fourth to one mile from the great road from Beaver to Mercer, and about five miles from Harmony—there are four grist mills distant from one and an half to five miles.

Farmers wishing to purchase *good lands* are invited to view the premises, and for further information to call on the subscriber. The title is indisputable, and the terms easy, and to accommodate farmers either Tract will be sold separate, or the whole together. tf.

JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Land Broker.*

Pittsburgh, August 30, 1815.

MILL STONES.

THE subscriber has removed a pair of MILL STONES from the public landing. They have been laying there for many years. By making enquiry the owner could not be found—they are much defaced, and appear to be useless for the purpose of grinding grain. Finding they will answer my purpose, I agree to to pay to the owner a fair price, or deliver them up on demand.

R. JONES, *near the Post-Office.*

WHOLESALE STORE.

THE Subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the Public, that they have just received, and now offer FOR SALE, by the piece only, in the house of MR CUNLIFFE, next door to Corner of Third, in Wood Street, and opposite to WESTBAY'S Hotel, viz:

6 bales 6-4 coarse and midling
CLOTHS,
4 Do. Blue PLAINS
4 Do Blue, Grey and Drab COATING
4 Do. KERSEY MOLESKIN, different colors
4 Do. BOCKING BAIZE
2 Do SWANSDOWN
4 Cases VELVETS & CORDS first quality.

ALSO

12 Dozen RORUM HATS, good quality at $33 per Dozen.

The above Goods will be sold at the Philadelphia prices with transportation, for Cash or approved endorsed Notes at 2, 4 and 6 months.

WM: B. FOSTER
THOMAS DUNCAN.

Pittsburgh, Nov 8, 1815.

WOOLLENS.

GEORGE COCHRAN offers for Sale, at his Store west side of the Public Square, an assortment of FINE and COMMON CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and SATTINETTS, wholesale and retail—also, HALF HOSE, which he is determined to sell at the Philadelphia prices for Cash or approved negociable notes.

Pittsburgh, August 30, 1815.

John Reno & Co.

Front Street, nearly opposite BEAN and BUTLER'S Ware House,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

Madeira and Teneriff Wines,

IN the original Pipes of genuine quality, and a general supply of

GROCERIES,

Which will be sold at reduced prices.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 9, 1815. tfq1ScjB&co*

NEW HAT MANUFACTORY.

Hugh Moore & Co.

RESPECTEULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that they have removed their HAT STORE, to Third street, in front of the Hay Scales, between Market and Wood streets, where they offer for Sale, a large and elegant assortment of Beaver, Castor, & Roram HATS. Having procured excellent workmen and the best materials, they flatter themselves to serve those that will favor them with the custom, to their entire satisfaction.

*** Orders will be received at the Warehouse of SUTTON and M'NICKLE, and promptly attended to.

Wanted immediately, two or three Apprentices to the Hatting business. Apply to *Hugh Moore & Co. Pittsburgh.*

Pittsburgh, April 29, 1814. tf

DOCTOR CHISHOLM'S

Anti-Bilious Pills,

Of a quality superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a GENERAL MEDICINE, in this Country.

NOW prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Chisholm,* who, from a long residence in the West-India Islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates.

This extraordinary Medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so requently recommended by the name of *Anti-Bilious Pills.* The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuent of Bile, is without example; never producing debility or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child or weakly female:

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excruciating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the urse of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains* wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flaxseed tea, will cure *Pleurisy,* promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and DISEASES OF THE LIVER, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case the dose may be increased according to the strength or constituton.

The *Dysentery, Croup,* and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY *in Pittsburgh, by*
J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,
at their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

DOCTOR HANDY'S

WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

A safe and efficacious medicine for destroying and bringing away WORMS.

MAY be used with safety by children of any age, or as common physic by the most delicate constitution, in any climate, without restraint of diet, or the smallest danger from cold. It may be given with advantage after the small-pox or measles; or as a family medicine, in any case where physic is necessary.—The most frequent seat of worms in the human body, is the intestinal tube; but occasionally they have been found in almost every other part of the body.

Some very extraordinary cases of *Worms,* of an unusual form and appearance, being brought away by these Lozenges, have been made public in England, where the rapid sale of the medicine has exceeded any thing of the kind ever known before; and has also proved, to a demonstration, its approved superiority, as an athelminthick, to the numerous puffed-up, useless nostrums, which are daily advertised in the newspapers.

A single dose of this *valuable medicine* has often been known to remove half a pot full of the Teres or Round Worms.

A few doses are generally sufficient to remove the Ascarides, a small white worm, the seat of which is either the stomach or rectum.

Even the *Tape Worm,* at all times the most difficult to destroy, may, by persevering in the frequent use of this medicine, be totally removed in the course of a few weeks.

To select cases, with the names of people who are not known here, and living at a great distance, would be useless, and take up too much of the readers time. We shall therefore only observe, for the benefit of those who are acquainted with the symptoms of worms, that they are known or suspected to exist by a pain in the stomach, attended with a sudden depression of spirits before eating; at other times the belly is hard, painful and distended with wind—costiveness, head ache, and trembliug of the limbs, with a sense of something rising in the throat—pale complexion and emaciated body, with weakness and irregular appetite—convulsive, epileptic or falling fits—pains in the back and side, and frequent itching of the nose, and sometimes of the anus. The above and a long train, of afflicting diseases may all be occasioned by worms, which are much oftener the cause of death than is commonly believed.

The above Valuable MEDICINE, is sold ONLY, by
J. P. & J. W. Skelton,
At their WHOLESALE & RETAIL Drug Store, at the corner of Wood and Third Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

December 13, 1815.

Lease of Store for Sale.

FOUR YEARS unexpired from the 1st April next, of the Store at present occupied by M'CLEAN & DOANE, on the Bank of the Monongahela, between Market and Wood Streets.

Apply to JOHN M'CLEAN.

Pittsburgh, December 28th, 1815. tf

Philipsburgh, Centre County, Dec. 16, 1815.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY on the 15th inst. from the subscriber living in Philipsburgh, Centre County, a Mulatto Apprentice Lad named PRIMUS STANTON, about 16 years old, very stout for his age, full faced, with agreeable regular features and a pleasant countenance, white handsome teeth; on the lower part of one of his cheeks a small scar. Had on and is supposed to have taken with him, some shirts made of homespun linen partly bleached, one pair of trowsers and a round-about coat made of good blue and white cotton striped bed-ticking, one pair of light ribbed kerseymere pantaloons, also another pair of pantaloons, with feet, made of blue linsey striped with red, an old blue round-about coat patched with light; also a long superfine broad cloth coat; whether he has taken boots as well as shoes is unknown. He went off in company with a white boy named JAMES CAFFERTY, or M'CAFFERTY, about 14 years old, with sandy or redish coloured hair. Thirty Dollars Reward is offered for securing the said Primus Stanton so that I shall get him again; and reasonable charges will be paid if he be delivered to me at my residence in Philipsburg.

WILLIAM P. DEWEES.

Sixteen Elegant Building Lots

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscribers, Trustees of the *Associate Reformed Church* of the Borough of Pittsburgh, offer at Private Sale, SIXTEEN BUILDING LOTS, situated on Sixth Street, Cherry Alley, and Strawberry Alley. A plan of said Lots may be seen with either of the subscribers, who will make the terms known to such persons as are disposed to purchase. The title is indisputable, and the conditions of Sale very reasonable.

ARCHIBALD SHAW,
EDWARD JONES,
HENRY WESTBAY,
THOMAS HAZLETON,
THOMAS M'KEE,
} TRUSTEES.

Pittsburgh, December 26, 1815.

IRON WORKS,

FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale, the FORGE, ROLLING AND SLITTING MILL, NAIL FACTORY, GRIST MILL AND SAW MILL, a large well finished Brick Dwelling HOUSE, and a number of convenient HOUSES for the accommodation of Workmen, late the property of Mr. Daniel Keller, situated nine miles from Brownsville, and adjoining the village of Middletown, in Fayette County, Pa. to which is attached an excellent STONE COAL BANK and THREE HUNDRED AND FIFTY ACRES of LAND.

The whole of this property is now in complete repair, and will be disposed of on reasonable terms, and possession given immediately.

ISAAC MEASON.

Mount Braddock, 25th Dec. 1815. tf

Real Estate for Sale.

THE whole of the HOUSE and LOT now occupied by Mr. William Morrow, Sign of the Green Tree, on the corner of Fourth and Wood Streets, Pittsburgh. The House is large, and is well calculated for both Store and Tavern, or any kind of Public business. The Lot is 120 feet on Wood Street, and 60 feet on Fourth Street.

ALSO,

A small HOUSE and LOT on Ferry Street, between Front and Second Streets, occupied by Mrs. Dobbins, subject to a ground rent of $40 per annum. For terms apply to JOHN JOHNSTON, Esq. Postmaster, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber in Allegheny Town, opposite Pittsburgh.

HUGH DAVIS.

October 14, 1815. tf

Western Eagle Lead Factory.

Trevor, Pettigrew & Troost,

CONTINUE to Manufacture at the WESTERN EAGLE LEAD FACTORY,
WHITE LEAD, *Dry or Ground in Oil.*
RED LEAD, *and*
LITHARGE,

All of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

They also Manufacture at their CHEMICAL LABORATORY—ALCOHOL, ETHER, sweet SPIRITS NITRE, AQUA FORTIS, MURIATIC ACID, RED PRECIPITATE, CALOMEL and Chemical preparations generally.

Orders for any of the above articles will be thankfully received at the Drug and Chemical Warehouse of SPEAKMAN SAY & Co. and at the Glass Warehouse of TREVOR & ENCELL.

Pittsburgh, May 20, 1815.

Goods! Goods! Cheap Goods

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his old customers and numerous friends, that he has recommenced business in his old house in the Diamond, and has on hand a general assortment of

Merchandize.

consisting of DRY GOODS, QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES and HARDWARE, all which he is determined to sell low for Cash or Western Bank Notes.

JOSEPH DAVIS.

Pittsburgh, 16th Dec. 1815.

N. B. Just received and for sale, a number of the large English and Classical Dictionary together with the small School Dictionary.

TO LET,

And Possession given the 1st of April next,

A COMMODIOUS *STORE*, with conveniences for a family, adjoining the Ferry lately kept by William R. Graham, on Water Street. The situation for business is equal to any in this place. It is now occupied by Messrs. Lantz & Slicer For terms apply to,

WILLIAM R. GRAHAM.

Pittsburgh, January 3, 1816.

Valuable Imprvoed Lands

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for Sale the following Property, to wit:—*One Tract of Land* situate in Fayette township, Allegheny county adjoining Noblesburgh, containing 300 acres divided into two Farms, on one of which is erected an excellent Farm House, Barn and Stabling, a Horse Mill, and a Stone Distillery in complete operation, about 130 acres cleared and in high cultivation, an excellent bearing Orchard, and a large quantity of Meadow—is well watered with springs, and is adjoining a place of public worship.—On the other is erected a good House and Barn, all in complete order The above property will be sold together or separate, to suit purchasers.

Also, *A Small Farm,* containing from 60 to 80 acres, more or less, on which is erected a Cabin, about 15 acres cleared, and an excellent Coal Bank on it.

Also, *One House* and *Lot* in Noblesburgh with 7 acres of Ground attached thereto.

For terms, apply to the subscriber on the premises.

WILLIAM HERDMAN.

November 22, 1815. tf

For Sale or Barter,

A LOT of GROUND, the corner of First and Smithfield Streets, being 30 feet on Smithfield and 60 feet on First Streets, with the Houses thereon.

A LOT of GROUND, adjoining the above 25 feet front on Smithfield Street, by 60 feet deep.

A LOT of GROUND adjoining, of the same dimensions.

A LOT of GROUND, at the corner of Smithfield Street and Diamond Alley, 25 feet front by 90 feet deep, to a 10 feet alley, with the privilege of said alley.

A LOT of GROUND, adjoining the last, of same dimensions.

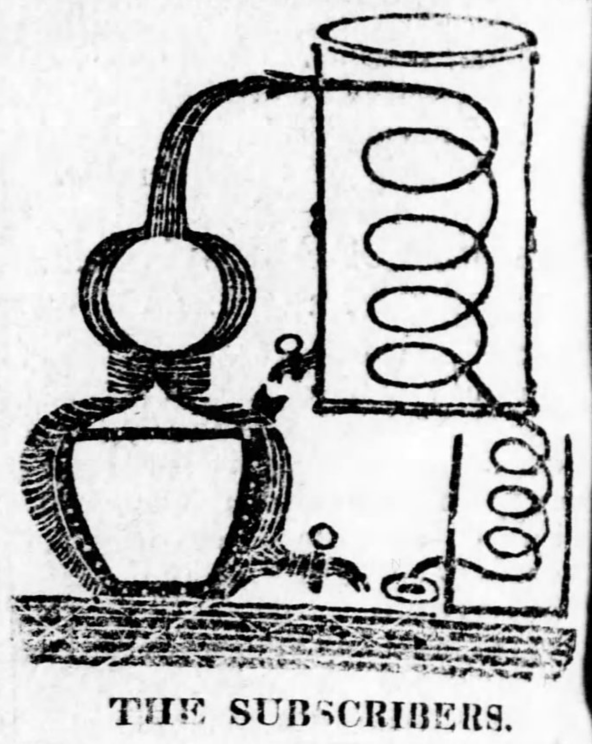
The above will be sold on liberal terms, or building materials or work will be received in payment.

To Let on Lease forever,

A LOT of GROUND in Wood Street, next to the corner of Third Street, where the late Fire was, 21 feet front on Wood Street by 120 feet deep. Appy to

JOHN THAW.

Pittsburgh, November



THE SUBSCRIBERS.

HAVING entered into Partnership, inform their Customers and others, that they carry on their Business at G. MILTENBERGER'S Old Stand, next door to the Post-Office, under the firm of

Neal & Miltenberger,

where they manufacture and keep for Sale

Copper and Tin Wares,

of every description. They have now on hand a large supply of good COPPER, well assorted, and suitable for all kind of work; also, a number of STILLS, with WORMS complete.

They have likewise a

BRASS FOUNDERY,

in complete operation, where *Bells, Candlesticks, Andirons, Still Cocks, Rivets* and *Castings* of every kind will be executed in the neatest manner.

Being concerned in a

COMB MANUFACTORY.

they will keep a constant supply of COMBS of different kinds, and of an excellent quality, which they are determined to dispose of as low as they are sold at any Manufactory in the United States.

Mr. Miltenberger having removed to Philadelphia, they have made arrangements to keep a supply of *Tin Plate, Block Tin, Sheet Copper, Sheet Iron, Wire,* and other materials used in their business, which being purchased for Cash, they will be enabled to sell at the most reduced prices.

REUBEN NEAL,
GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, July 22, 1815.

*** Orders for any articles in their line thankfully received and attended to with the strictest punctuality.

The highest price given for Old Pewter, Copper and Brass.

Wanted, Two or Three smart, active Lads as Apprentices to the Coppersmith Business or Brass Foundery.

Constant employment and the highest wages will be given to EIGHT or TEN Journeymen, who are wanted immediately.

Public Bathing House.

THE Proprietors of THE PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL BATHING HOUSE, hereby inform the Public, that the capacity of the water reservoirs for that establishment is doubled, and so arranged that the cold and warm water are perfectly seperated. The public will not in future meet with the disappointments consequent on the former arrangement.

The cost of this establishment, has been considerable, and the Proprietors are sorry to say the proceeds arising from it are not sufficient to warrant the opening of it another season under the present limited patronage. It is however hoped that the new arrangement alluded to, together with a more extended knowledge of the great benefit arising from the use of Baths, in such a place as this, will in a short time, produce a more liberal encouragement.

The price of BATHING is 25 Cents. The House will be open from 5 in the morning till 10 at night.

JULY 15, 1815

WANTED,

A Lad of 16 or 18 years of age, to attend in a Store; one from the Country, well recommended, will be preferred. Enquire at the Office of the Gazette.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 28, 1815.